

Revision nr.6 Dated 07/04/2023 Printed on 07/04/2023 Page n. 1 / 16 Replaced revision:5 (Dated 17/02/2022) ΕN

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier Code. 03J Product name **BETON COLOR (A)** 29H0-G0TX-100Y-RRPA UFI · 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Solvent-based elastomeric paint for BETONGUAINA and BETONGUAINA.S Intended use 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name NORD RESINE S.p.A. Full address Via Fornace Vecchia, 79 District and Country 31058 Susegana (TV) Italia Tel. +39 0438-437511 Fax +39 0438-435155 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet annabreda@nordresine.com Supplier: NORD RESINE S.p.A. 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0438 437511

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 3		

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements: H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.



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## SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

L1222	Llormful	lifipholod					
H332 H315		Harmful if inhaled.					
H315 H317		Causes skin irritation.					
H412		May cause an allergic skin reaction.					
EUH204		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.					
E0H204	Contain	s isocyanales. I	way prout	uce all allergic rea			
Precautionary	statements.						
P210		way from heat	hot surfac	es snarks onen fl	ames and other ignition sources.	No smoking	
P280					otection / face protection.	No shloking.	
P370+P378					ed water to extinguish.		
P261				s / mist / vapours /			
P312				r / if you feel u			
P264				soap after handlin			
		lereaging mart	rator and	eeup alter hallani	5.		
Contains:	1,6-hex	anediyl-bis (2- (	2- (1-ethy	(lpentyl) -3-oxazoli	dinyl) ethyl) carbamate		
	Polypro	pylene glycol, 3	-isocyana	tomethyl-3,5,5-trin	nethylcyclohexyl isocyanate poly	mer	
	DECAN	IEDIOIC ACID,	BIS(1,2,2,	,6,6-PENTAMETH	YL-4-PIPERIDINYL) ESTER		
					,		
As from 24 Au	gust 2023 adequate	training is requir	red before	industrial or profe	ssional use.		
	e 2004/42/EC) :						
	rformance coatings.						
VOC given in g	g/litre of product in a	ready-to-use co	ndition :		422,89		
Limit value:					500,00		
- Catalysed wi	th :		59,88	%	BETON COLOR (B)		
2.3. Other hazar	ds						
PBT substance							
3-(2H-BENZO	TRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1-I	DI-METHYLETH	HYL)-4-HY	DROXY-BENZEN	EPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ES	TERS	
The product do	oes not contain subst	ances with endo	ocrine disr		n concentration $\geq 0.1\%$ .		
The product do	oes not contain subst	ances with endo	ocrine disr				
				rupting properties i			
	composition/			rupting properties i			
				rupting properties i			
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures				rupting properties i			
SECTION 3.				rupting properties i			
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures		/informatio	n on in	rupting properties i	n concentration ≥ 0.1%.		
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains:	Composition/	/informatio	n on in	rupting properties i Igredients	n concentration ≥ 0.1%.		
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification	Composition/	/informatio	n on in Classific	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP)		
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification	Composition/ x = Conc	/informatio	n on in Classific	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP) yanate polymer		
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SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification Polypropylen CAS EC INDEX XYLENE (MIX CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 2-METHOXY- CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 1,6-hexanediy CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. EC INDEX REACH REG.	<b>Composition/</b> x = Cond e glycol, 3-isocyana 39323-37-0 609-647-9 <b>CTURE OF ISOMERS</b> 1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32 <b>1-METHYLETHYL A</b> 108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-25 <b>(I-bis (2- (2- (1-ethyl</b> ) 140921-24-0 411-700-4 616-079-00-5 01-0000015906-63 <b>ENE</b>	2: % atomethyl-3,5,5 $35 \le x < 50$ 19 ≤ x < 25 2: CETATE 8 ≤ x < 12 2: (Pentyl) -3-oxaz 4 ≤ x < 8	n on in Classific 5-trimethy	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2 vlcyclohexyl isoc Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 Classification m STA Dermal: 110 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 ethyl) carbamate Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 2 H22	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP) yanate polymer 17 6, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute To ote according to Annex VI to th 00 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapo 6, STOT SE 3 H336	ox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, ne CLP Regulation: C urs: 11 mg/l	
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification Polypropylen CAS EC INDEX XYLENE (MIX CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 2-METHOXY- CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 1,6-hexanediy CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. EC INDEX REACH Reg. CAS EC INDEX REACH REG. CAS	<b>Composition/</b> x = Cond e glycol, 3-isocyana 39323-37-0 609-647-9 <b>TURE OF ISOMERS</b> 1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32 <b>1-METHYLETHYL A</b> 108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-25 <b>(I-bis (2- (2- (1-ethyl</b> ) 140921-24-0 411-700-4 616-079-00-5 01-0000015906-63 <b>ENE</b> 100-41-4	2: % atomethyl-3,5,5 $35 \le x < 50$ 19 ≤ x < 25 2: CETATE 8 ≤ x < 12 2: (Pentyl) -3-oxaz 4 ≤ x < 8	n on in Classific 5-trimethy	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2 vlcyclohexyl isoc Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 Classification m STA Dermal: 110 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 ethyl) carbamate Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 2 H22	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP) yanate polymer 17 6, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute To ote according to Annex VI to th 00 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapo 6, STOT SE 3 H336 17 5, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox	ox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, ne CLP Regulation: C urs: 11 mg/l	
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification Polypropylen CAS EC INDEX XYLENE (MIX CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 2-METHOXY- CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 1,6-hexanediy CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. EC INDEX REACH REG. EC	<b>Composition/</b> x = Conc e glycol, 3-isocyana 39323-37-0 609-647-9 <b>TURE OF ISOMERS</b> 1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32 <b>T-METHYLETHYL A</b> 108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29 <b>VI-bis (2- (2- (1-ethyl</b> ) 140921-24-0 411-700-4 616-079-00-5 01-0000015906-63 <b>ENE</b> 100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4	2: % atomethyl-3,5,5 35 ≤ x < 50 19 ≤ x < 25 2: CETATE 8 ≤ x < 12 2: (Dentyl) -3-oxaz 4 ≤ x < 8 3 4 ≤ x < 8	n on in Classific 5-trimethy	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2 vlcyclohexyl isoc Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 Classification m STA Dermal: 110 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 ethyl) carbamate Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 2 H22	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP) yanate polymer 17 6, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute To ote according to Annex VI to th 00 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapo 6, STOT SE 3 H336 17 5, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox	ox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, ne CLP Regulation: C urs: 11 mg/l	
SECTION 3. 3.2. Mixtures Contains: Identification Polypropylen CAS EC INDEX XYLENE (MIX CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 2-METHOXY- CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. 1,6-hexanediy CAS EC INDEX REACH Reg. EC INDEX REACH Reg. INDEX REACH REG. INDEX	x = Conc e glycol, 3-isocyana 39323-37-0 609-647-9 TURE OF ISOMERS 1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32 1-METHYLETHYL A 108-65-6 203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29 01-2119475791-29 (I-bis (2- (2- (1-ethyl 140921-24-0 411-700-4 616-079-00-5 01-0000015906-63 ENE 100-41-4 202-849-4 601-023-00-4	2: % atomethyl-3,5,5 35 ≤ x < 50 19 ≤ x < 25 2: CETATE 8 ≤ x < 12 2: (Dentyl) -3-oxaz 4 ≤ x < 8 3 4 ≤ x < 8	n on in Classific 5-trimethy	rupting properties i Igredients cation (EC) 1272/2 vlcyclohexyl isoc Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 Classification m STA Dermal: 110 Flam. Liq. 3 H22 ethyl) carbamate Skin Sens. 1 H3 Flam. Liq. 2 H22	n concentration ≥ 0.1%. 2008 (CLP) yanate polymer 17 6, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute To ote according to Annex VI to th 00 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapo 6, STOT SE 3 H336 17 5, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox	ox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, ne CLP Regulation: C urs: 11 mg/l	



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**SECTION 3.** Composition/information on ingredients ... / >>

2,6-DIMETHY	LHEPTAN-4-ONE		
CAS	108-83-8	4 ≤ x < 8	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H335
EC	203-620-1		STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 10%
INDEX	606-005-00-X		
REACH Reg.	01-2119474441-41	1	
3-(2H-BENZC	TRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1	-DI-METHYLETHYL)-4-	HYDROXY-BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ESTERS
CAS	127519-17-9	1 ≤ x < 2,5	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	407-000-3		
INDEX			
REACH Reg.	01-0000015648-61	1	
DECANEDIO	C ACID, BIS(1,2,2,6	,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-P	IPERIDINYL) ESTER
CAS	41556-26-7	0,25 ≤ x < 1	Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	255-437-1		
INDEX			
2-METHOXY	PROPYL-1-ACETAT	E	
CAS	70657-70-4	$0 \le x \le 0,3$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Repr. 1B H360D, STOT SE 3 H335
EC	274-724-2		
INDEX	607-251-00-0		
ISOPHORON	E DIISOCYANATE		
CAS	4098-71-9	0 ≤ x < 0,25	Acute Tox. 1 H330, Skin Corr. 1C H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335,
			Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411,
			Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: 2
EC	223-861-6		Skin Sens. 1 H317: ≥ 0,5%, Resp. Sens. 1 H334: ≥ 0,5%
INDEX	615-008-00-5		STA Inhalation vapours: 0,05 mg/l, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 0,005
			mg/l
REACH Reg.	01-2119490408-31	1	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**GENERAL INFORMATION** Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for



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health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

13.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

#### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP FRA	España France	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021 Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS



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## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea si completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

hreshold Limit						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	400	90,8	SKIN
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	



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## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit V	alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	imin	Remarks / 0	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
AK	HUN	275		550					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	550							
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
Predicted no-effe		ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in							0,635	mg/l	
Normal value in							0,0635	mg/l	
Normal value for							3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value for							0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value for			ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value of							100	mg/l	
Normal value for							0,29	mg/kg	
Health - Derived n	o-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on wo	rkers		
Route of exposi	ure Acu	te Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					1,67				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					33				275
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					54,8				153,5
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

### ETHYLBENZENE

				EINIL	DENZENE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
AK	HUN	442		884		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		400		SKIN
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
MV	SVN	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

@EPY 11.1.2 - SDS 1004.14



10

mg/l

ΕN

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

	2,6-DIMETHYLHEPTAN-4-ONE						
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP	148	25				
VLEP	FRA	250	25				
TLV	GRC	290	50				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	148	25				
TGG	NLD	150					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	150		300			
TLV	ROU	150	26	250	43		
MV	SVN	290	50				
WEL	GBR	148	25				
TLV-ACGIH		145	25				

#### 3-(2H-BENZOTRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1-DI-METHYLETHYL)-4-HYDROXY-BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ESTERS

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value of STP microorganisms

#### **ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE**

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15m	nin	Remarks / Observations
1)po	oounity	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	0,046	0,005	0,046 (C)	0,005 (C)	
MAK	DEU	0,046	0,005	0,046 (C)	0,005 (C)	C = 0,092 mg/m3
VLA	ESP	0,046	0,005			
VLEP	FRA	0,09	0,01	0,18	0,02	
TLV	GRC	0,09		0,18		
TGG	NLD	0,05	5	0,19	20	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,04				
MV	SVN	0,046	0,005	0,046	0,005	
TLV-ACGIH		0,045	0,005			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Drevention	Mahaa	lu fa una ati a n
Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	colourless	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	36 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
рН	Not available	
Kinematic viscosity	Not available	
Solubility	Not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Density and/or relative density	1 kg/l	
Relative vapour density	Not available	
Particle characteristics	Not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical haz	ard classes	
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	0 %
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	43,35 % - 433,50 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	34,98 % - 349,77 g/litre

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

### ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.



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#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

#### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHYLBENZENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

#### Interactive effects

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) LD50 (Dermal): STA (Dermal):

2,00 mg/l 12,92 mg/l Acute Tox. 4 Not classified (no significant component) >2000 mg/kg

4350 mg/kg Rabbit 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)



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### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ..../>>

LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	3523 mg/kg Rat 26 mg/l/4h Rat
STA (Inhalation vapours):	11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
STA (Initialation vapours).	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE	
LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral):	8530 mg/kg Rat
ETHYLBENZENE	
LD50 (Dermal):	15354 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	3500 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	17,2 mg/l/4h Rat
	-
3-(2H-BENZOTRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1-DI-METHYLETHY	L)-4-HYDROXY-BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ESTERS
LD50 (Oral):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	
STA (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,005 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
STA (Inhalation vapours):	0,05 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
	( 5

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available



#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

DECANEDIOIC ACID, BIS(1,2,2,6,6-PENTAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL) ESTER LC50 - for Fish 0,9 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio

3-(2H-BENZOTRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1-DI-METHYLETHYL)-4-HYDROXY-BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ESTERS LC50 - for Fish > 9,9 mg/l/96h Zebra Fish

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
ETHYLBENZENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l



#### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

2,6-DIMETHYLHEPTAN-4-ONE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE NOT rapidly degradable	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
ETHYLBENZENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6
2,6-DIMETHYLHEPTAN-4-ONE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,71 130
ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,99
12.4. Mobility in soil	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: soil/water	2,73
2,6-DIMETHYLHEPTAN-4-ONE Partition coefficient: soil/water	2,07

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT substances contained: 3-(2H-BENZOTRIAZOLYL)-5-(1,1-DI-METHYLETHYL)-4-HYDROXY-BENZENEPROPANOIC ACID OCTYL ESTERS

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263



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#### SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 163, 367, 650		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product		
Point	3 - 40	
Contained substance		
Point	75	
Point	30	2-METHOXYPROPYL-1-ACETATE
Point	74	DIISOCYANATES

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)
None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:



#### SECTION 15. Regulatory information .... / >>

#### None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : Two - pack performance coatings.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, category 1B
Acute Tox. 1	Acute toxicity, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion, category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May ba cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation



## SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) of the European Par
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current

health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

## CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise



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## SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 11.