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Replaced revision:9 (Dated 27/12/2019)

(TV)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 142

Product name **NORPHEN RICRETE (B)**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

BI-COMPONENT EPOXY PRIMER

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NORD RESINE S.p.A. Name Full address Via Fornace Vecchia, 79 District and Country 31058 Susegana

Italia

Tel. +39 0438-437511 Fax +39 0438-435155

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

annabreda@nordresine.com

NORD RESINE S.p.A. Supplier:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0438 437511

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Skin corrosion, category 1B	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 2		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P264 Wash thoroughly with water and soap after handling.

Contains: 1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE

Reaction products of formaldehyde and 4-nonylpenol and triethylenetetramine and

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine

E96096

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

Tetraethylenepentamine

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product contains substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0,1%: 4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine

INDEX $35 \le x < 50$ Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Chronic 2

H411

EC 500-191-5 CAS 68082-29-1 REACH Reg. 01-2119972320-44

Reaction products of formaldehyde and 4-nonylpenol and triethylenetetramine and 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

INDEX 25 ≤ x < 35 Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC 922-006-0

CAS

BENZYL ALCOHOL

INDEX 603-057-00-5 19 ≤ x < 25 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319 EC LD50 Oral: 1620 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS 100-51-6 REACH Reg. 01-2119492630-38 1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE

INDEX 612-105-00-4 5 ≤ x < 8 Repr. 2 H361fd, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372,

Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3

H412

EC 205-411-0 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 866 mg/kg CAS 140-31-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119471486-30



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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION

INDEX 0 ≤ x < 1 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1

H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 292-588-2 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg
CAS 90640-67-8

REACH Reg. 01-2119487919-13
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

INDEX 601-022-00-9 0 ≤ x < 1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS 1330-20-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

Tetraethylenepentamine

INDEX $0 \le x < 1$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 292-587-7 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg

CAS 90640-66-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119487290-37

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE *INDEX* 607-195-00-7 $0 \le x < 1$

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29 4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

INDEX 604-030-00-0 0,025 ≤ x < 0,25 Repr. 1B H360F, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317,

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

EC 201-245-8 CAS 80-05-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119457856-23

E96096

INDEX $0 \le x < 1$ Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC 434-430-9

CAS

REACH Reg. 01-0000018057-71

ETHYLBENZENE

INDEX 601-023-00-4 $0 \le x < 1$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h

EC 202-849-4 CAS 100-41-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119489370-35

N-BUTYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-025-00-1 0 ≤ x < 1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 CAS 123-86-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29

TOLUENE

INDEX 601-021-00-3 $0 \le x < 1$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3

REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51

QUARTZ

CAS

INDEX $0 \le x < 1$ STOT RE 1 H372

EC 238-878-4 CAS 14808-60-7 ETHYL METHYL KETONE

INDEX 606-002-00-3 $0 \le x < 1$

INDEX 606-002-00-3 EC 201-159-0

REACH Reg. 01-2119457290-43

78-93-3

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.



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SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,
		kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und
		Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung
		gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki
LIDV (I Image to Lan	tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama
ITA	Italia	na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA NLD		Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3,
PRT	Portugal	eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os
FIXI	Fortugal	agentes guímicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os
		riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające
I OL	1 Olska	rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych
		dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru
		modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
	•	(Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)
		2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive
		2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive
		91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2022



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1	>	>

F	atty acids (C18-unsatd, dim	ers polymers	with tall-oil fatt	ty acids and t	riethylenetetram	nine	
redicted no-effect co	•	•	oro, porymoro	tall oll lat	., uoluo ulla t			
Normal value in fresh	n water					0,00434	mg/l	
Normal value in mari	ne water					0,00043	mg/l	
						4 434,02		
Normal value for fres	mg/kg							
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				43,4	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects of	n consumers			Effects on w	vorkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,56				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,97				3,9
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				0,56				1,1
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

				BENZYI	_ ALCOHOL			
Threshold Limit V	/alue							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / C	Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	40	8,88	80	17,76			
AGW	DEU	22	5	44	10	SKIN	11	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240						
MV	SVN	22	5	44	10	SKIN		

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION											
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration -	PNEC									
Normal value in fresh	water					0,19	mg/l				
Normal value in marir	ne water					0,038	mg/l				
Normal value for mar	Normal value for marine water sediment 19,2 mg/l										
Normal value for water, intermittent release 0,2 mg/l											
Normal value of STP	Normal value of STP microorganisms 4,25 mg/l										
Normal value for the	Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) 0,18 mg/kg										
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment 19,1 mg/kg											
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - Di	NEL / DMEL									
	Effects on	consumers			Effects on w	orkers					
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic			
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic			
Oral	VND	20	VND	0,41							
		mg/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d							
Inhalation	VND	1600	VND	0,29	VND	5380	VND	1			
		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3			
Skin	1	8	0,43	0,25			VND	0,57			
	mg/cm2	mg/kg bw/d	mg/cm2	mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg			
	-		-					bw/d			



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				(YLENE (MIXT	URE OF ISON	MERS)			
reshold Limit \	/alue								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks /	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	200	46	400	92	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN			
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
edicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in							0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in	n marine wate	er					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh wate	r sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wa	ter sedimer	nt				12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent rele	ease				0,327	mg/l	
Normal value o	f STP microc	organisms					6,58	mg/l	
Normal value for			ment				2,31	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived r	no-effect lev	el - DNEL	DMEL					0 0	
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acu	te Ad	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
•	loca	al sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		,			,		,		1,6
									mg/kg/d
Inhalation					14,8	289	289		77
					mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin					108	J	J		180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

			Tetraethy	lenepentamine	1			
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,01	mg/l	
Normal value in marir	ne water	0,001	mg/l					
Normal value for fres	h water sedi	3,198	mg/kg/d					
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				0,3198	mg/kg/d	
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				4,6	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects of	n consumers			Effects on v	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,21 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,14				0,82
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin			0,0208				0,25	
			mg/cm2				mg/cm2	



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

			2-ME	THOXY-1-ME	HYLETHYL A	ACETATE			
hreshold Limit \	/alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks /	Observations		
,,	,	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
AK	HUN	275		550					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	550							
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
redicted no-effe	ct concentr	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	ı fresh water						0,635	mg/l	
Normal value ir							0,0635	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh wate	r sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wa	ter sedimen	t				0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent rele	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value o							100	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the terrest	rial comparti	ment				0,29	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived r	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	ects on cons	umers			Effects on wo	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acu	ite Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al sys	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					1,67 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					33				275
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					54,8				153,5
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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			4	,4'-ISOPROPY	LIDENEDIPHE	NOL			
hreshold Limit V	alue			•					
Type	Country	TWA/8h	1	STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
•		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	2		5		INHAL			
AGW	DEU	5		5 (C)		INHAL			
VLEP	FRA	2		. ,					
AK	HUN	2							
GVI/KGVI	HRV	2				INHAL			
VLEP	ITA	2				INHAL			
VLEP	ITA	2				SKIN			
TGG	NLD	2				INHAL			
VLE	PRT	2				INHAL			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	2				INHAL			
TLV	ROU	2				INHAL			
MV	SVN	2		2		INHAL			
WEL	GBR	2							
OEL	EU	2				INHAL			
redicted no-effect		ation - PNI	EC						
Normal value in							0,018	mg/l	
Normal value in		er .					0,018	mg/l	
Normal value fo							1,2	mg/kg	
Normal value fo							0,24	mg/kg	
Normal value fo							0,011	mg/l	
Normal value of			0000				320	mg/l	
Normal value fo			tment				3,7	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived n							5,1	mg/kg	
icaitii Boiivea ii		cts on con:				Effects on work	ers		
Route of exposu			cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
rtoute of expose	loca		ystemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	1004		.004	10001	0,004	10001	Systemio	iodai	Systemio
Olai			ng/kg bw/d		mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	1	1		1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	2	2	2
IIIIalalioII	mg/i	=	ng/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin	IIIg/i	110 11	ig/iiio	mg/ms	mg/ms	0.019	0.031	0.019	0,031
SKIII							•		
						mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg bw/d	mg/kg bw/d	bw/d
							bw/u		bw/u
Predicted no-effer	rt concentra	ation - PNI	FC:	Е	96096				
		ation - PNI	EC	E	96096		0 0368	ma/l	
Normal value in	fresh water		EC	E	96096		0,0368	mg/l	
Normal value in Normal value in	fresh water marine wate	er		E	96096		0,00368	mg/l	
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo	fresh water marine water r fresh water	er sediment		E	96096		0,00368 1456	mg/l mg/kg/d	
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo	er sediment rganisms		E	96096		0,00368 1456 10	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l	
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr	er sediment rganisms ial compar	tment	E	96096		0,00368 1456	mg/l mg/kg/d	
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr o-effect lev	er sediment rganisms ial compar el - DNEL	tment / DMEL	E	96096	Efforts on west	0,00368 1456 10 103906	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l	
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo lealth - Derived n	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr o-effect lev Effe	er sediment rganisms ial compar el - DNEL cts on con	rtment / DMEL sumers			Effects on work	0,00368 1456 10 103906	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l mg/kg/d	Chronio
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr o-effect level IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IF	er sediment rganisms ial compar el - DNEL cts on cons te A	tment / DMEL sumers cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	0,00368 1456 10 103906 xers Acute	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l mg/kg/d	Chronic
Normal value in Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo lealth - Derived n Route of exposu	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr o-effect lev Effe	er sediment rganisms ial compar el - DNEL cts on cons te A	rtment / DMEL sumers				0,00368 1456 10 103906 Kers Acute systemic	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l mg/kg/d	systemic
Normal value in Normal value fo Normal value of Normal value fo lealth - Derived n	fresh water marine water r fresh water STP microo r the terrestr o-effect level IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IFF IF	er sediment rganisms ial compar el - DNEL cts on cons te A	tment / DMEL sumers cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	0,00368 1456 10 103906 xers Acute	mg/l mg/kg/d mg/l mg/kg/d	



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>

				ETHYL	BENZENE		
Threshold Limit V	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125		
AK	HUN	442		884		SKIN	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		400		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
MV	SVN	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN	
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		87	20				

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	950	196,65	1200	248,4	
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)	
VLA	ESP	241	50	724	150	
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200	
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200	
AK	HUN	241		723		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150	
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150	
TGG	NLD	150				
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240		720		
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150	
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150	
TLV-ACGIH			50		150	

TOLUENE								
Threshold Limit Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	192	50,112	384	100,224	SKIN		
AGW	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN		
MAK	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN		
VLA	ESP	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	76,8	20	384	100	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	192	50	384	100			
AK	HUN	190		380		SKIN		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	192	50			SKIN		
TGG	NLD	150		384				
VLE	PRT	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN		
TLV	ROU	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
MV	SVN	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH			20					



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QUARTZ									
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP			
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,1							
VLEP	ITA	0,1				RESP			
TGG	NLD	0,075				RESP			
VLE	PRT	0,025				RESP			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,1				RESP			
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP			
MV	SVN	0,15				RESP			
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP			
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				RESP			

				ETHYL ME	THYL KETONI				
hreshold Limit \	/alue								
Туре	Country	itry TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations			
- 71-	,	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	600	200,4	900	300.6				
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	600	200	900	300				
AK	HUN	600		900		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300				
TGG	NLD	590		500		SKIN			
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	450		900		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300				
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN			
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300				
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300				
redicted no-effe	ct concentr	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	Normal value in fresh water						55,8	mg/l	
Normal value ir	n marine wat	er					55,8	mg/l	
Normal value for	Normal value for fresh water sediment						284,74	mg/kg	
Normal value o	f STP micro	organisms					709	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the food c	hain (second	dary poisonir	ng)			100	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or the terrest	rial compart	ment				22,5	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived r	no-effect lev	/el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	ects on cons	umers			Effects on wo	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acı	ite Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					31				
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation					106				600
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					412				1161
					mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
									bw/d

Legend

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.



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Information

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

FYF PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

not available

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Properties Value Appearance liquid Colour black Odour amino Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point 100 Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available °C Flash point 100 Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available Kinematic viscosity not available soluble in organic solvents

Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Vapour pressure not available Density and/or relative density ka/l Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 20,42 % - 204,23 g/litre VOC (volatile carbon) 15,85 % - 158,48 g/litre

@EPY 11.5.2 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Decomposes at temperatures above 870°C/1598°F.Possibility of explosion.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

May react dangerously with: hydrobromic acid,iron,oxidising agents,sulphuric acid.Risk of explosion on contact with: phosphorus trichloride.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Avoid exposure to: air, sources of heat, naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Incompatible with: sulphuric acid,oxidising substances,aluminium.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants,inorganic acids,ammonia,copper,chloroform.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of envoronmental air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine

> 2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Rat

BENZYL ALCOHOL

2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 1620 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 4,1 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE

LD50 (Dermal): 866 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 2140 mg/kg Rat

STA (Oral): 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION

LD50 (Dermal): 550 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 2500 mg/kg Rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat 26 mg/l/4h Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

Tetraethylenepentamine

LD50 (Dermal): 660 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): > 2100 mg/kg Rat

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

> 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

3000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 4100 mg/kg Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

15354 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 3500 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

TOLUENE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 6480 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 2737 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 23,5 mg/l/8h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards





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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Based on the available data, the product contains the following endocrine disruptors in concentrations of 0.1% or greater by weight that may have endocrine disrupting effects on humans and cause adverse effects on the exposed individual or his or her progeny: 4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment

12.1. Toxicity

BENZYL ALCOHOL

LC50 - for Fish 10 mg/l/96h Bluegill

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

LC50 - for Fish 9,4 mg/l/96h Menidia menidia EC50 - for Crustacea 10,2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE

LC50 - for Fish 2190 mg/l/96h Fish EC50 - for Crustacea 58 mg/l/48h Daphnia

AMINES, POLYETHYLENEPOLY-, TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE FRACTION LC50 - for Fish 570 mg/l/96h Fish EC50 - for Crustacea 31 mg/l/48h Daphnia

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine

LC50 - for Fish 7,07 mg/l/96h Fish

Tetraethylenepentamine

LC50 - for Fish 420 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea 24 mg/l/48h Daphnia
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 6,8 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,5 mg/l/72h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TOLUENE

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

BENZYL ALCOHOL Rapidly degradable

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential





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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
TOLUENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,73 90
ETHYLBENZENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6
BENZYL ALCOHOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,1
ETHYL METHYL KETONE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,3
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,3 15,3
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9

12.4. Mobility in soil

Partition coefficient: soil/water

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

< 3

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product contains the following endocrine disruptors in concentrations of 0.1% or greater by weight that may have endocrine disrupting effects on the environment and on animal species causing adverse effects on the exposed organisms or on their progeny:

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1760



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SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of formaldehyde and 4-nonylpenol and triethylenetetramine and ADR / RID:

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine, 1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE)

IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of formaldehyde and 4-nonylpenol and triethylenetetramine and

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine; 1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE; Fatty acids, C18-unsatd, dimers, polymers with tall-oil

fatty acids and triethylenetetramine)

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Reaction products of formaldehyde and 4-nonylpenol and triethylenetetramine and IATA:

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine; 1-(2-AMINOETHYIL)PIPERAZINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Class: 8 Label: 8 ADR / RID:

IMDG: Label: 8 Class: 8

Class: 8 Label: 8 IATA:



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: **Environmentally Hazardous**

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

NO IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special provision: 274 IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 856 Cargo: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 852 Passengers:

> Special provision: A3, A803

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL Point 66

REACH Reg.: 01-2119457856-23

@EPY 11.5.2 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Point 48 TOLUENE

REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

4,4'-ISOPROPYLIDENEDIPHENOL REACH Reg.: 01-2119457856-23

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

NOHE

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

N-BUTYL ACETATE

ETHYL METHYL KETONE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2
Flam. Liq. 3
Flammable liquid, category 2
Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 1B
Repr. 2
Acute Tox. 3
Acute Tox. 4
Flammable liquid, category 3
Reproductive toxicity, category 1B
Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1Skin sensitization, category 1Skin Sens. 1ASkin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1

Aquatic Chronic 1

Aquatic Chronic 2

Aquatic Chronic 3

Aquatic Chronic 3

Aquatic Chronic 4

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 4

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H360F May damage fertility.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

ΕN



NORD RESINE S.p.A.

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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335May cause respiratory irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)



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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.