

Revision nr.6 Dated 08/03/2022 Printed on 08/03/2022 Page n. 1 / 14

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: 26V

Product name ESTER VE/PE (B)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Bi-component top coat with high chemical resistance

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name NORD RESINE S.p.A.
Full address Via Fornace Vecchia, 79

District and Country 31058 Susegana (TV)

Italia

Tel. +39 0438-437511 Fax +39 0438-435155

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet annabreda@nordresine.com

Supplier: NORD RESINE S.p.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0438 437511

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Organic peroxide, type D

H242

Heating may cause a fire.

Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Acute toxicity, category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity, category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed Acute toxicity, category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin corrosion, category 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity, category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

Precautionary statements:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P235 Keep cool.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P305+P351+P338

Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

Contains: 1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

> METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 489,48 Limit value: 500,00

- Catalysed with : 4.900.00 % ESTER VE (A)

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) Identification x = Conc %

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

CAS 6846-50-0 $35 \le x < 50$ Repr. 2 H361d, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

FC 229-934-9 **INDEX**

REACH Reg. 01-2119451093-47

METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE

1338-23-4 $35 \le x < 50$ Org. Perox CD H242, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1B CAS

H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318

STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l, STA Inhalation FC. 215-661-2

mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

INDFX

REACH Reg. 01-2119514691-43 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

123-42-2 $12 \le x < 19$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Irrit. 2 H319 CAS

FC 204-626-7 INDEX 603-016-00-1 REACH Reg. 01-2119473975-21 METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 $4 \le x < 8$ CAS 78-93-3

201-159-0 EC 606-002-00-3 INDEX REACH Reg. 01-2119457290-43

@EPY 11.1.2 - SDS 1004.14



FC.

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NORD RESINE S.p.A. 26V - ESTER VE/PE (B)

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

231-765-0

008-003-00-9

CAS 7722-84-1 1 ≤ x < 4 Ox. Liq. 1 H271, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1A H314,

Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex

VI to the CLP Regulation: B

Ox. Liq. 1 H271: ≥ 70%, Ox. Liq. 2 H272: ≥ 50%, Skin Corr. 1A H314: ≥ 70%,

Skin Corr. 1B H314: ≥ 50%, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 35%, Eye Dam. 1 H318: ≥ 8%,

Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 5%, STOT SE 3 H335: ≥ 35%

LD50 Oral: 1193 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l, STA Inhalation

mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l

REACH Rea. 01-2119485845-22

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.



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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,
DELL	Destrobles	kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und
		Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung
		gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/EE, 2019/130/EE και 2019/983/EE «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki
		tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama
		na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3,
		eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os
	· ·	agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os
		riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos



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NORD RESINE S.p.A. 26V - ESTER VE/PE (B)

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Polska

Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych

dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy

Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru ROU România

modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006

Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu SVN Slovenija

(Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) **GBR** United Kingdom

ΕU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU)

2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH **ACGIH 2021**

	4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE								
Threshold Limit Value									
Type (Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	200	41,4	300	62,1				
AGW	DEU	96	20	192	40	SKIN			
MAK [DEU	96	20	192	40	SKIN			
VLA E	ESP	241	50						
VLEP F	FRA	240	50						
TLV	GRC	240	50	360	75				
GVI/KGVI I	HRV	241	50	362	75				
TGG	NLD	120				SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh F	POL	240							
TLV F	ROU	150	32	250	53				
MV S	SVN	96	20	192	40	SKIN			
WEL (GBR	241	50	362	75				
TLV-ACGIH		238	50						



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				METHYL E	THYL KETONI				
reshold Limit \	/alue								
Туре	Country	ntry TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations			
•		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	600	200,4	900	300,6				
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	600	200	900	300				
AK	HUN	600		900		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300				
TGG	NLD	590		500		SKIN			
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	450		900		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300				
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN			
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300				
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300				
redicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	n fresh water						55,8	mg/l	
Normal value ir	n marine wate	er					55,8	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	r sediment					284,74	mg/kg	
Normal value o	f STP microo	rganisms					709	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the food ch	ain (secon	dary poisoni	ng)			100	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or the terrestr	ial compart	ment				22,5	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived i	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on workers			
Route of expos	ure Acu	te Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		•			31				-
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation					106				600
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					412				1161
					mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
									bw/d

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h	A/8h		min	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	CZE	1	0,707	2	1,414			
MAK	DEU	0,71	0,5	0,71	0,5			
VLA	ESP	1,4	1					
VLEP	FRA	1,5	1					
TLV	GRC	1,4	1	3				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	1,4	1	2,8	2			
TGG	NLD		1					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,4		0,8				
MV	SVN	1,4	1	1,4	1			
WEL	GBR	1,4	1	2,8	2			
TLV-ACGIH		1,4	1					

Legend

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION



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Information

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Properties Value Appearance liquid Colour transparent Odour characteristic Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Flammability Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Flash point °C Not available Auto-ignition temperature рΗ Not available Kinematic viscosity Not available Not available Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Vapour pressure Not available Density and/or relative density 1,14 kg/l Relative vapour density Not available Particle characteristics Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC): 17,00 % - 193,80 g/litre VOC (volatile carbon) 10,72 % - 122,21 g/litre



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Decomposes at temperatures above 90°C/194°F.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

Decomposes if exposed to: light,heat.Decomposes on contact with: alkaline metals.Possibility of explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored in original containers at temperatures lower than the self accelerated decomposition temperature (SADT).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: air, sources of heat. May react dangerously with: alkaline metals, amines, oxidising agents, acids. METHYL ETHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition. Avoid transferring into containers that may have been contaminated with other substances. Avoid storing close to inflammable or combustible products.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat. HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

Avoid exposure to: light, heat. Avoid contact with: alkaline substances.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants,inorganic acids,ammonia,copper,chloroform.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

Incompatible with: flammable substances, acetone, ethanol, glycerol, organic sulphides, hydrated bases, oxidising substances, iron, copper, bronze, chromium, zinc, lead, silver, manganese, acetic acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition can lead to the formation of explosive peroxides or other potentially hazardous substances.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Acute toxicity causes irritation of the eyes, nose and throat in humans at 100 ppm (476 mg/kg) and pulmonary disorders at 400 ppm. No chronic effects on humans have been reported. The substance may have a depressive effect on the respiratory centres and cause death from respiratory failure.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: 2,78 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: Acute Tox. 4
ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: Acute Tox. 4
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: 912,58 mg/kg

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE

STA (Oral): 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

STA (Inhalation mists/powders): 1,5 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

LD50 (Oral): 4000 mg/kg Rat

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 6480 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 2737 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 23,5 mg/l/8h Rat

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

LD50 (Oral): 1193 mg/kg Rat

at the concentration of 35%

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child





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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

1-isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate

EC50 - for Crustacea > 1,46 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 7,49 mg/l/72h Chlorella pyrenoidosa

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 6 mg/l 96 h Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,7 mg/l 21 d

12.2. Persistence and degradability

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

Solubility in water 100000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable





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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,57

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -0,09

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3105

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE)
IMDG: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE)
IATA: ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE)



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SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 5.2 Label: 5.2

IMDG: Class: 5.2 Label: 5.2

IATA: Class: 5.2 Label: 5.2



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: -- Limited Quantities: 0,125 L Tunnel restriction code: (D)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-J, S-R Limited Quantities: 0,125 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 10 L Packaging instructions: 570 Pass.: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 570

Special provision: A20, A150, A802

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P6b

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Regulated explosives precursor

The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the general public is subject to reporting obligations as set out in Article 9.

All suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None





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SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances METHYL ETHYL KETONE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Org. Perox D Organic peroxide, type D Org. Perox CD Organic peroxide, type CD Ox. Liq. 1 Oxidising liquid, category 1 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Repr. 2 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion, category 1A Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration



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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/08/09/11/12/15/16.