

Revision nr.2 Dated 10/02/2022 Printed on 10/02/2022 Page n. 1 / 22 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 11/10/2019)

(TV)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: **550**

Product name POOL FINITURA NF (A)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use SOLVENT-BASED, BI-COMPONENT TOP COAT FOR NORPHEN POOL

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name NORD RESINE S.p.A.
Full address Via Fornace Vecchia, 79
District and Country 31058 Susegana

Italia

Tel. +39 0438-437511 Fax +39 0438-435155

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

annabreda@nordresine.com

Supplier: NORD RESINE S.p.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to +39 0438 437511

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3

Eye irritation, category 2

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitization, category 1A

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,

H336

Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

toxicity, category 3

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:





Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.



550 - POOL FINITURA NF (A)

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use carbon anhydride, foam, nebulized water to extinguish.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

Contains: Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6 - pentamethyl - 4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

N-BUTYL ACETATE

F96096

BENZOTRIAZOL DERIVATES

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition: 278,08 Limit value: 500,00

- Catalysed with: 50,00 % POOL FINITURA NF (B)

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS 123-86-4 12 ≤ x < 19 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 INDEX 607-025-00-1 REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

CAS 13463-67-7 12 ≤ x < 19 **EUH212**

EC 236-675-5

INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119489379-17
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

CAS 108-65-6 $12 \le x < 19$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 INDEX 607-195-00-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

CAS $4 \le x < 8$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 905-562-9 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119555267-33 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL-1,3-PENTANEDIOL

CAS 144-19-4 $1 \le x < 4$ Eye Irrit. 2 H319

EC

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

2-BUTYL-2-ETHYL-1,3-PROPANEDIOL

115-84-4 1 < x < 4Eve Irrit. 2 H319 CAS

204-11-7 EC

INDEX

Propylidynetrimethanol

Repr. 2 H361fd CAS 77-99-6 1 < x < 3

EC 201-074-9

INDEX

REACH Rea. 01-2119486799-10

BENZOTRIAZOL DERIVATES

CAS $0 \le x < 1$ Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

FC 400-830-7 INDEX 607-176-00-3 01-0000015075-76 REACH Reg. **XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)**

1330-20-7 $0 \le x < 1$

215-535-7

CAS Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

INDEX 601-022-00-9 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6 - pentamethyl - 4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

CAS 1065336-91-5 $0.25 \le x < 1$ Repr. 2 H361f, Skin Sens. 1A H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic

Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 915-687-0

INDEX

EC

01-2119491304-40 RFACH Rea

E96096

CAS $0 \le x < 1$ Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 4 H413

EC 434-430-9

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REACH Reg. 01-0000018057-71

ETHYLBENZENE

CAS 100-41-4 $0 \le x < 1$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373

202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h FC. **INDEX** 601-023-00-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119489370-35

TOLUENE

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin 108-88-3 $0 \le x < 1$ CAS

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336

FC 203-625-9 601-021-00-3 INDEX REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51

QUARTZ

14808-60-7 **STOT RF 1 H372** CAS 0 < x < 1

FC 238-878-4

INDFX

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

 $0 \le x < 1$ Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 CAS 78-93-3

EC 201-159-0 **INDEX** 606-002-00-3 REACH Reg. 01-2119457290-43

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed



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SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage .../>>

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,
		kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und
		Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung
		gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/EE, 2019/130/EE και 2019/983/EE «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki
		tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama
		na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3,
		eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os
		agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os
		riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające
		rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych
		dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru
		modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
		(Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU)
		2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive
		2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE		
Threshold Limit V	'alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	950	196,65	1200	248,4		
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)		
VLA	ESP	241	50	724	150		
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200		
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200		
AK	HUN	241		723			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150		
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150		
TGG	NLD	150					
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240		720			
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150		
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		

				TITANII	UM DIOXIDI	E
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLA	ESP	10				
VLEP	FRA	10				
TLV	GRC		10			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	10				INHAL
GVI/KGVI	HRV	4				RESP
NDS/NDSCh	POL	10				INHAL
TLV	ROU	10		15		
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL
WEL	GBR	4				RESP
TLV-ACGIH		10				



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

hreshold Limit \	/alua		Z-IVIL	IIIOXI-I-WIL	THYLETHYL A	AULIAIL			
		TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Pomorko /	Observations		
Туре	Country	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Remarks /	Observations		
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50	Ortin			
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	Ortin			
AK	HUN	275		550	100				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	550				· · · · ·			
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
redicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value ir							0,635	mg/l	
Normal value in	marine wate	er					0,0635	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wat	er sedimen	t				0,329	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or water, inter	mittent rele	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal value o	f STP microo	rganisms					100	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the terrestr	ial comparti	ment				0,29	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived i	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acu	te Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					1,67 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					33 mg/m3				275 mg/m3
Skin					54,8 mg/kg/d				153,5 mg/kg/d

		Rea	action mass	of ethylbenze	ene and m-	kylene and p-xyler	ie	
Threshold Limit	Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / O	oservations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150			
Predicted no-effe	ect concentra	ation - PNEC						
Normal value in	n fresh water						0,25	mg/l
Normal value in	n marine wate	er					0,25	mg/l
Normal value for	or marine wa	ter sediment					14,33	mg/kg
Normal value for	or the terresti	rial compartn	nent				2,41	mg/kg



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		2	,2,4-TRIMETHY	/L-1,3-PENTAN	EDIOL			
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	n water					0,109	mg/l	
Normal value in mari	ne water					0,0109	mg/l	
Normal value for fres	h water sedi	ment				0,903	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	diment				0,903	mg/kg/d	
Normal value of STP	microorgani	isms				20	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL					_	
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation		-		2,6		-		6,61
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				6,0				7,03
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

			BENZOTRIA	ZOL DERIVA	TES			
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,0023	mg/l	
Normal value in marii	ne water					0,00023	mg/l	
Normal value for fres	h water sedi	iment				3,06	mg/kg	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				0,306	mg/kg	
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				10	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL					Ū	
	Effects of	n consumers			Effects on	workers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		•	VND	0,025		•		•
				mg/kg				
Inhalation			VND	0,085			VND	0,35
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin			VND	0,25			VND	0,5
				mg/kg				mg/kg



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../

			Х	YLENE (MIXT	URE OF ISON	MERS)			
hreshold Limit \	/alue								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks /	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	200	46	400	92	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN			
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
redicted no-effe	ct concentra	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value ir	fresh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value ir	marine wate	er					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh water	r sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or marine wat	ter sedimen	t				12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for	or water, inte	rmittent rele	ase				0,327	mg/l	
Normal value o	f STP microo	rganisms					6,58	mg/l	
Normal value for	or the terrestr	ial compart	ment				2,31	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived ı	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on cons	umers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acu	te Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	ıl sy:	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral		·			·		·		1,6 mg/kg/d
Inhalation					14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3	289 mg/m3		77 mg/m3
Skin					108	mg/mo	mg/m3		180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

sebacate	9							
edicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,0022	mg/l	
Normal value in marii	ne water	0,00022	mg/l					
Normal value for fres	h water sed	iment				1,05	mg/kg	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				0,11	mg/kg	
Normal value for water	er, intermitte	ent release				0,009	mg/l	
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				1	mg/l	
Normal value for the	terrestrial co	ompartment				0,21	mg/kg	
ealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - C	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on w	vorkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	VND	1,25	VND	1,25				
		mg/kg		mg/kg				
Inhalation	VND	0,58	VND	0,58	VND	2,35	VND	2,35
		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin	VND	1,25	VND	1,25	VND	2,5	VND	2,5
		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg		mg/kg



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				E96096				
Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh	water					0,0368	mg/l	
Normal value in marir	ne water					0,00368	mg/l	
Normal value for fres	h water sedi	ment				1456	mg/kg/d	
Normal value of STP	microorgani	sms				10	mg/l	
Normal value for the	terrestrial co	mpartment				103906	mg/kg/d	
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on v	vorkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation						18		3
						mg/m3		mg/m3

				ETHYL	BENZENE		
Threshold Limit \	/alue						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125		
AK	HUN	442		884		SKIN	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	215		430		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		400		SKIN	
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
MV	SVN	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN	
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		87	20				

				то	LUENE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	192	50,112	384	100,224	SKIN
AGW	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN
VLA	ESP	192	50	384	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	76,8	20	384	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	192	50	384	100	
AK	HUN	190		380		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	192	50	384	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	192	50			SKIN
TGG	NLD	150		384		
VLE	PRT	192	50	384	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN
TLV	ROU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
MV	SVN	192	50	384	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			



Thres

OEL

TLV-ACGIH

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

EU

0,1

0,025

QUARTZ											
hreshold Limit Value											
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
VLA	ESP		0,05			RESP					
VLEP	FRA	0,1				RESP					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,1									
VLEP	ITA	0,1				RESP					
TGG	NLD	0,075				RESP					
VLE	PRT	0,025				RESP					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,1				RESP					
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP					
MV	SVN	0,15				RESP					

RESP **RESP**

RESP

				METHYL E	THYL KETONE				
hreshold Limit \									
Туре	Country	•		STEL/15		Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	CZE	600	200,4	900	300,6				
AGW	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	600	200	600	200	SKIN			
VLA	ESP	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	FRA	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	600	200	900	300				
AK	HUN	600		900		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	600	200	900	300				
VLEP	ITA	600	200	900	300				
TGG	NLD	590		500		SKIN			
VLE	PRT	600	200	900	300				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	450		900		SKIN			
TLV	ROU	600	200	900	300				
MV	SVN	600	200	900	300	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	600	200	899	300	SKIN			
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300				
TLV-ACGIH		590	200	885	300				
redicted no-effe	ct concentr	ation - PNE	С						
Normal value in	Normal value in fresh water						55,8	mg/l	
Normal value in	n marine wat	er					55,8	mg/l	
Normal value for	or fresh wate	r sediment					284,74	mg/kg	
	Normal value of STP microorganisms						709	mg/l	
Normal value for	Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning)						100	mg/kg	
Normal value for							22,5	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived r	no-effect lev	rel - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	ects on cons	umers			Effects on workers			
Route of expos	ure Acu	ite Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al sy	stemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral					31				-
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation					106				600
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					412				1161
					mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
					<u> </u>				bw/d

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information
Appearance liquid

Colour TYPICAL

Odour characteristic of solvent

Melting point / freezing pointNot availableInitial boiling pointNot availableFlammabilityNot availableLower explosive limitNot availableUpper explosive limitNot available

Flash point 23 < T < 60 °C

Auto-ignition temperature pH Not available

Kinematic viscosity Not available

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Vapour pressure Not available
Density and/or relative density 1,1 kg/l
Relative vapour density Not available
Particle characteristics Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : 37,37 % - 411,07 g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) 24,99 % - 274,89 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

Decomposes on contact with: water.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

TOI UENE

Avoid exposure to: light. METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

TOI UENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Incompatible with: strong oxidants, inorganic acids, ammonia, copper, chloroform.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of envoronmental air.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

TOI UENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

ACUTE TOXICITY



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ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): > 6400 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

> 10000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral):

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

LD50 (Dermal): 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/l Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 27,124 mg/l/4h Rat

11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP STA (Inhalation vapours):

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

2.2.4-TRIMETHYL-1.3-PENTANEDIOL

> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 3730 mg/kg Rat

2-BUTYL-2-ETHYL-1,3-PROPANEDIOL

3810 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 2900 mg/kg Rat

BENZOTRIAZOL DERIVATES

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 5,8 mg/l 4h Rat

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat 26 mg/l/4h Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6 - pentamethyl - 4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

LD50 (Oral):

ETHYLBENZENE

15354 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 3500 mg/kg Rat 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

TOLUENE

LD50 (Dermal): 12124 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 5580 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

LD50 (Dermal): 6480 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 2737 mg/kg Rat 23,5 mg/l/8h Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

ΕN



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Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class





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Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

BENZOTRIAZOL DERIVATES

LC50 - for Fish 2,8 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 4 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 10 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6 - pentamethyl - 4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

LC50 - for Fish 0,97 mg/l/96h Lepomis macrochirus EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1,68 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 1 mg/l Daphnia magna

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

LC50 - for Fish 2,6 mg/l/96h p-xilene

12.2. Persistence and degradability

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Solubility in water < 0,001 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TOLUENE

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Rapidly degradable

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available





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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
TOLUENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,73 90
ETHYLBENZENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6

METHYL ETHYL KETONE Partition coefficient: n-octar

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,3

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,3 BCF 15,3

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene BCF 25,9

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 BCF 25,9

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2,73

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263



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SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:

Class: 3

Label: 3

IMDG:

Class: 3

Label: 3

IATA:

Class: 3

Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ADR / RID: IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

IMDG: IATA:

Special provision: 163, 367, 650

EMS: F-E, S-E

Cargo:

Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

Pass.:

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

P5c

Product

3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point **TOLUENE** 48

REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:





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None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Two - pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6 - pentamethyl - 4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

METHYL ETHYL KETONE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Flam. Liq. 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Repr. 2 Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Eve Irrit. 2 Eve irritation, category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 1** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 **Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Suspected of damaging fertility. H361f

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation. H335 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H410 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH212 Warning! Hazardous respirable dust may be formed when used. Do not breathe dust.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals



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- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.





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Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:
The following sections were modified:
01 / 02 / 03 / 05 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.