

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: **639**  
Product name: **STRATOFLEX INV (B)**

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: **MULTILAYERED SELF-LEVELLING COVERING FOR INDUSTRIAL FLOORS.**

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: **NORD RESINE S.p.A.**  
Full address: **Via Fornace Vecchia, 79**  
District and Country: **31058 Susegana (TV) Italia**  
Tel.: **+39 0438-437511**  
Fax: **+39 0438-435155**

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: **annabreda@nordresine.com**

Product distribution by: **NORD RESINE S.p.A.**

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: **+39 0438 437511**

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin corrosion, category 1B	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: **Danger**

Hazard statements:  
**H361fd** Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

- H302** Harmful if swallowed.
- H314** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H317** May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H411** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

- P260** Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
- P305+P351+P338** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P303+P361+P353** IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
- P280** Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
- P310** Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
- P264** Wash thoroughly with water and soap after handling.

**Contains:** SALICYLIC ACID  
 4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL  
 M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)  
 3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE  
 Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-,reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer  
 TRIMETHYLHEXAMETHYLEN DIAMINE

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Two - pack performance coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :	105,27
Limit value:	500,00
- Catalysed with :	700,00 % STRATOFLEX INV (A)

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)
<b>BENZYL ALCOHOL</b>		
CAS	100-51-6 $30 \leq x < 50$	<b>Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319</b>
EC	202-859-9	
INDEX	603-057-00-5	
Reg. no.	01-2119492630-38	
<b>Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-,reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer</b>		
CAS	68609-08-5 $20 \leq x < 30$	<b>Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318</b>
EC		
INDEX		
Reg. no.	Polymer	
<b>M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)</b>		
CAS	1477-55-0 $9 \leq x < 20$	<b>Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412</b>
EC	216-032-5	
INDEX		
Reg. no.	01-2119480150-50	
<b>3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE</b>		
CAS	2855-13-2 $9 \leq x < 20$	<b>Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412</b>
EC	220-666-8	
INDEX	612-067-00-9	
Reg. no.	01-2119514687-32	

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients** ... / >>**4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL**CAS 98-54-4  $3 \leq x < 5$ Repr. 2 H361f, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,  
Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 202-679-0

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-2119489419-21

**SALICYLIC ACID**CAS 69-72-7  $3 \leq x < 5$ 

Repr. 2 H361d, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318

EC 200-712-3

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-2119486984-17

**TRIMETHYLHEXAMETHYLEN DIAMINE**CAS 25620-58-0  $1 \leq x < 3$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317,  
Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 247-134-8

INDEX

Reg. no. 01-2119560598-25

**PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED**CAS 84852-15-3  $0,25 \leq x < 1$ Repr. 2 H361fd, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318,  
Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

EC 284-325-5

INDEX 601-053-00-8

Reg. no. 01-2119510715-45

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

**SECTION 4. First aid measures****4.1. Description of first aid measures**

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Information not available

**SECTION 5. Firefighting measures****5.1. Extinguishing media**

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nářízení vlády č. 246/2018 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	TRGS 900 - Seite 1 von 69 (Fassung 29.03.2019)- Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
POL	Polska	ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA RODZINY, PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 12 czerwca 2018 r
SVN	Slovenija	Uradni list Republike Slovenije 20.12.2019 - Uradnem listu RS št. 78/19 -PRAVILNIK o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

#### BENZYL ALCOHOL

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	CZE	40	8,88	80	17,76		
AGW	DEU	22	5	44	10	SKIN	11
NDS/NDSch	POL	240					
MV	SVN	22	5	44	10	SKIN	

#### M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)

##### Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLEP	FRA			0,1			
MV	SVN	0,1					
TLV-ACGIH				0,018 (C)		SKIN	

#### SALICYLIC ACID

##### Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,2	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	0,02	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	1,42	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,142	mg/kg

##### Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Skin							VND	2 mg/kg

#### PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED

##### Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	0,00061	mg/l
	4	
Normal value in marine water	0,00052	mg/l
	7	
Normal value for fresh water sediment	4,62	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	1,23	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,00017	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	9,5	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,3	mg/kg

##### Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	VND	0,4 mg/kg/d	VND	0,05 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	VND	0,8 mg/m3	VND	0,4 mg/m3	VND	1 mg/m3	VND	0,5 mg/m3
Skin	VND	7,6 mg/kg/d	VND	3,8 mg/kg/d	VND	15 mg/kg	VND	7,5 mg/kg/d

##### Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.  
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	AMBER LIKE	
Odour	amino	
Odour threshold	Not available	
pH	11	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	> 200 °C	
Boiling range	Not available	
Flash point	> 90 °C	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available	
Lower inflammability limit	Not available	
Upper inflammability limit	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Vapour pressure	0,08 mmHg	
Vapour density	Not available	
Relative density	1,04 kg/l	
Solubility	soluble in organic solvents	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Viscosity	Not available	
Explosive properties	Not available	
Oxidising properties	Not available	

#### 9.2. Other information

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	34,20 % - 355,68	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon) :	26,57 % - 276,28	g/litre

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### BENZYL ALCOHOL

Decomposes at temperatures above 870°C/1598°F. Possibility of explosion.

**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity** ... / >>**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**BENZYL ALCOHOL**

May react dangerously with: hydrobromic acid, iron, oxidising agents, sulphuric acid. Risk of explosion on contact with: phosphorus trichloride.

**3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE**

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, concentrated inorganic acids.

**10.4. Conditions to avoid**

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

**BENZYL ALCOHOL**

Avoid exposure to: air, sources of heat, naked flames.

**3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE**

Avoid contact with: strong acids, strong oxidants.

**10.5. Incompatible materials****BENZYL ALCOHOL**

Incompatible with: sulphuric acid, oxidising substances, aluminium.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Information not available

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	1116,68 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg

**M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)**

LD50 (Oral)	> 200 mg/kg Rat - Sprague-Dawley
LD50 (Dermal)	3100 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation)	1,34 mg/l Rat - Wistar

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>**

BENZYL ALCOHOL	
LD50 (Oral)	1620 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	2000 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation)	> 4,1 mg/l/4h Rat
PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED	
LD50 (Dermal)	3160 mg/kg Rabbit
SALICYLIC ACID	
LD50 (Oral)	891 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Dermal)	> 2 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

**SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

**12.1. Toxicity**

M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)	
LC50 - for Fish	87,6 mg/l/96h <i>Oryzias latipes</i>
EC50 - for Crustacea	15,2 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia magna</i>
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	20,3 mg/l/72h <i>Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata</i>
BENZYL ALCOHOL	
LC50 - for Fish	10 mg/l/96h Bluegill
3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE	
LC50 - for Fish	110 mg/l/96h Fish
EC50 - for Crustacea	23 mg/l/48h <i>Daphnia</i>



### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL	
LC50 - for Fish	5,14 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea	4,8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	11,2 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,1 mg/l

PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED	
LC50 - for Fish	0,135 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas
EC50 - for Crustacea	0,035 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	0,0563 mg/l/72h Algae
Chronic NOEC for Fish	0,01 mg/l Fish

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)	
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

BENZYL ALCOHOL  
Rapidly degradable

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE	
Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
NOT rapidly degradable	

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,18

BENZYL ALCOHOL	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,1

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### SECTION 14. Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 2735

### SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.  
(Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-,reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer; M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE) )

IMDG: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.  
(Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-,reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer; M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE) ; 4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL)

IATA: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.  
(Cyclohexanemethanamine, 5-amino-1,3,3-trimethyl-,reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer; M-PHENYLENEBIS (METHYLAMINE) )

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8



IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8



IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous



IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 30 L	Packaging instructions: 855
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 1 L	Packaging instructions: 851
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803	

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>		
Point	3	
<u>Contained substance</u>		
Point	46	PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Reg. no.: 01-2119510715-45

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

4-TERT-BUTYLPHENOL

Reg. no.: 01-2119489419-21

PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED

Reg. no.: 01-2119510715-45

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

PHENOL, 4-NONYL-, BRANCHED - (NONYLPHENOLS)

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Two - pack performance coatings.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Repr. 2</b>	Reproductive toxicity, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 4</b>	Acute toxicity, category 4
<b>Skin Corr. 1A</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1A
<b>Skin Corr. 1B</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1B
<b>Eye Dam. 1</b>	Serious eye damage, category 1
<b>Eye Irrit. 2</b>	Eye irritation, category 2
<b>Skin Irrit. 2</b>	Skin irritation, category 2
<b>STOT SE 3</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
<b>Skin Sens. 1</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1
<b>Skin Sens. 1B</b>	Skin sensitization, category 1B
<b>Aquatic Acute 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 1</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
<b>Aquatic Chronic 2</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
<b>Aquatic Chronic 3</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
<b>H361d</b>	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>H361f</b>	Suspected of damaging fertility.
<b>H361fd</b>	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H312</b>	Harmful in contact with skin.
<b>H332</b>	Harmful if inhaled.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H318</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>H319</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>H315</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b>H335</b>	May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>H317</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H411</b>	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>H412</b>	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

**SECTION 16. Other information** ... / >>

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

**GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
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4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

**Note for users:**

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

**CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION**

**SECTION 16. Other information** ... / >>

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9. Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.